

- Reduced material costs: clamp-on sensor eliminates the need for in-line flanges, pipe fittings, strainers, and filters
- Reduced installation time: the HTTF may be installed and fully operational within minutes – no need to break into pipelines
- Non-intrusive system is tolerant of minimal amounts suspended solids and gas pockets
- Available for line sizes from 1/2" and larger
- Offered with or without a local display
- Provides rate and total (forward, reverse and net)
- 4-20 mA and pulse outputs for direct interface to data collection systems







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## **Technology and Specifications**

#### **Operating Principle**

Transit time flow meters utilize two transducers which function as both ultrasonic transmitters and receivers. The flow meters operate by alternately transmitting and receiving a frequency modulated burst of sound energy between the two transducers. The burst is first transmitted in the direction of fluid flow and then against fluid flow. Since sound energy in a moving liquid is carried faster when it travels in the direction of fluid flow (downstream) than it does when it travels against fluid flow (upstream), a differential in the times of flight will occur. The sound's time of flight is accurately measured in both directions and the difference in time of flight calculated. The liquid velocity (V) inside the pipe can be related to the difference in time of flight (dt) through the following equation: V = K\*D\*dt, where K is a constant and D is the distance between the transducers.



#### **Specifications**

DESCRIPTION	SPECIFICATION						
Liquid Types	Most clean liquids or liquids containing small amounts of suspended solids						
Power Requirements	11-30 VDC @ 0.25A Max.						
Velocity	0.1 to 40 FPS (0.03 to 12 MPS), bi-directional						
Inputs/Outputs	4-20mA Output (stard output)       Totalizer Pulse         Resolution       12-bit for all outputs       Operation       Normal state - High;         Power       Source       Pulses low with display         Insertion loss       5V maximum       total increments         Loop impedance       900 Ohms maximum       Pulse duration       30mSec minimum         Isolation       Can share ground common with power supply — isolated from piping system       Logic       5 VDC						
	Turbine Frequency Output/TTL -Pulse Output         Switch selectable         Type       Non-ground referenced AC / Ground referenced square wave       Frequency range Duty cycle       0-1,000Hz         Amplitude       500mVpp minimum / 5VDC       Duty cycle       50% ±10%						
Display	Type: 2 line × 8 character LCD; Top row: 0.7" (18 mm) tall, 7-segment; Bottom row: 0.35" (9 mm) tall, 14-segment Rate: 8 maximum rate digits, lead zero blanking Total: 8 maximum totalizer digits, exponential multipliers from –1 to +6						
Units	Engineering Units: Feet, gallons, ft <sup>3</sup> , million-gal, barrels (liquid & oil), acre-feet, lbs, meters, m <sup>3</sup> , liters, million-liters, kg Rate: Second, minute, hour, day						
Ambient Temperature	General Purpose: -40 to +185 °F (-40 to +85 °C); Hazardous Locations Integral Mount: 0 to +105 °F (-20 to +40 °C)						
Pipe Surface Temperature	Integral Mount and HTTS: -40 to +185 °F (-40 to +85 °C), HTTH: -40 to +350 °F (-40 to +176 °C) HTTN/HTTC: -40 to +250 °F (-40 to +121 °C)						
Enclosure	NEMA 3 (Type 3) ABS or polycarbonate, PVC and Ultem <sup>®</sup> (Integral System), brass or SS hardware, $3W \times 6L \times 2.5H$ inches (75W $\times$ 150L $\times$ 63H mm), pipe mount						
Transducer Type	Clamp-on, uses time of flight ultrasonics						
Pipe Sizes	½ inch (12 mm) and larger						
Pipe Materials	Carbon steel, stainless steel, copper, and plastic						
Accuracy	HTTN/HTTH $\pm 1\%$ of reading at rates > 1 FPS (0.3 MPS), $\pm 0.01$ FPS ( $\pm 0.003$ MPS) at rates lower than 1 FPS; HTTS/HTTC 1" and larger units $\pm 1\%$ of reading from 10-100% of measuring range, $\pm 0.01$ FPS ( $\pm 0.003$ MPS) at rates lower than 10% of measuring range; $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{3}{4}$ " units $\pm 1\%$ FS. Refer to the Dimensional Specifications page for applicable measuring ranges for each HTTS/HTTC transducer model.						
Repeatability	±0.5% of reading						
Response Time	0.3 to 30 seconds, adjustable						
Protection	Reverse-polarity, surge suppression						
Installation	Integral Systems and Remote Systems with HTTN and HTTS Transducers. General Requirements: ANSI/ISA 82.02.01 Hazardous Locations: ANSI/ISA 12.12.01 Class I Div 2, Groups C & D						
<i>ULTRALINK</i> ™ Utility	Windows <sup>®</sup> compatible software utility, requires serial communication cable Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista <sup>®</sup> , Windows <sup>®</sup> 7, compatible						

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**Part Numbering Information** 

Integral System - 1/2" to 2"



#### Remote System - 1/2" and larger (12 mm and larger)

(A system consists of one HTTF part number and a choice of one large or small pipe transducer part number.)



AccessoriesPart NumberPC Cable w/ULTRALINK™ softwareHTTF-ULINK90-240 VAC Power SupplyHTTF-ACPWR



## **Application Data Sheet**

Job Name/Reference #:	Date:							
Name:	Title:							
Company:	E-Mail:							
Address:								
City:	- State / Province:							
ZIP / Postal:	Country:							
Telephone:	Fax:							
Liquid Type: Water WastewaterOil	Other							
Liquid Composition (% volume, solids or aeration):								
Max. Liquid Temp:°F/°C Viscosity: _								
Full Pipe During Flow Measurement?  Yes No								
Pipe O.D.:         inches         mm         Schedule/C	Class: Material:							
Liner (if applicable): Type Thickness								
Length of Straight Pipe (in pipe diameters): Upstream Downstream								
Nearest Obstruction (i.e. elbow, valve):								
Flow Range: Minimum Maximum Nominal								
Flow Units: GPM LPM Other								
Display: None Rate / Total Power Requirement: AC/DC								
Output Requirements: None 4-20mA Rate pulse								
Environment: Indoor Outdoor Submersible Hazardous area								
Other Requirements:	B3.84 GRL/MIN							
It is recommended that a Hedland application specialist review new HTTF applications before ordering. Fill out the information noted above and fax to Hedland at 800-245-35 Please include contact information so Hedland personnel n contact you regarding any additional questions.	569. hay							

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## Installation Considerations

- 1. Select the optimum mounting location on the piping system a **full** pipe with at least 10 straight pipe diameters upstream and 5 pipe diameters downstream with no flow disturbances.
- **2.** Apply couplant grease to the two surfaces of the transducers that contact the pipe.
- **3.** Mount the flow meter or remote transducers onto the pipe and secure. On horizontal pipe, transducer mounting location should be approximately 45-degrees of the side of the pipe. On vertical pipes with upward flow, radial orientation does not matter.
- 4. Connect and apply DC power.
- 5. Connect the 4-20 mA, frequency or both outputs to the monitoring system.

### Acoustic Couplant Application





Flow Meter Transducer can be Mounted in any Orientation



5 D

10 D



## HTTF Transit Time Ultrasonic Flow Meter Dimensional Specifications

#### Mechanical Dimensions: Inches (mm)



# .875 (22.2) DIA Conduit hole

U-Bolt Connections (ANSI & Copper 2 inch Models)



Pipe Size	Pipe Material	Α	В	С	D	Measuring Range
1⁄2"	ANSI	2.46 (62.5)	2.36 (59.9)	2.66 (67.6)	0.84 (21.3)	2 - 38 GPM 8 - 144 LPM
	Copper	2.46 (62.5)	2.36 (59.9)	3.33 (84.6)	0.63 (15.9)	1.8 - 27 GPM 7 - 102 LPM
	Tubing	2.46 (62.5)	2.28 (57.9)	3.72 (94.5)	0.50 (12.7)	1.5 - 18 GPM 6 - 68 LPM
3⁄4"	ANSI	2.46 (62.5)	2.57 (65.3)	2.66 (67.6)	1.05 (26.7)	2.75 - 66 GPM 10 - 250 LPM
	Copper	2.46 (62.5)	2.50 (63.5)	3.56 (90.4)	0.88 (22.2)	2.5 - 54 GPM 10 - 204 LPM
	Tubing	2.46 (62.5)	2.50 (63.5)	3.56 (90.4)	0.75 (19.0)	2.5 - 45 GPM 10 - 170 LPM
1"	ANSI	2.46 (62.5)	2.92 (74.2)	2.86 (72.6)	1.32 (33.4)	3.5 - 108 GPM 13 - 409 LPM
	Copper	2.46 (62.5)	2.87 (72.9)	3.80 (96.5)	1.13 (28.6)	3.5 - 95 GPM 13 - 360 LPM
	Tubing	2.46 (62.5)	2.75 (69.9)	3.80 (96.5)	1.00 (25.4)	3.5 - 85 GPM 13 - 320 LPM
1-¼"	ANSI	2.80 (71.0)	3.18 (80.8)	3.14 (79.8)	1.66 (42.2)	5 - 186 GPM 19 - 704 LPM
	Copper	2.46 (62.5)	3.00 (76.2)	4.04 (102.6)	1.38 (34.9)	4.5 - 152 GPM 17 - 575 LPM
	Tubing	2.46 (62.5)	3.00 (76.2)	4.04 (102.6)	1.25 (31.8)	4 - 136 GPM 15 - 514 GPM
1-½"	ANSI	3.02 (76.7)	3.42 (86.9)	3.33 (84.6)	1.90 (48.3)	6 - 250 GPM 23 - 946 LPM
	Copper	2.71 (68.8)	2.86 (72.6)	4.28 (108.7)	1.63 (41.3)	5 - 215 GPM 19 - 814 LPM
	Tubing	2.71 (68.8)	3.31 (84.1)	4.28 (108.7)	1.50 (38.1)	5 - 200 GPM 19 - 757 LPM
2"	ANSI	3.70 (94.0)	3.42 (86.9)*	5.50 (139.7)	2.375 (60.3)*	8 - 420 GPM 30 - 1590 LPM
	Copper	3.70 (94.0)	3.38 (85.9)*	5.50 (139.7)	2.125 (54.0)*	8 - 375 GPM 30 - 1419 LPM
	Tubing	3.21 (81.5)	3.85 (98.0)	4.75 (120.7)	2.00 (50.8)	8 - 365 GPM 30 - 1381 LPM

HTTS/HTTC Transducer Dimensions: Inches (mm)

\* Varies due to U-bolt configuration

